

# 2DM415 Digital Stepper Drive

## **Manual**



### Amtech Ltd

TEL:- 0191 268 2022

www.Amtechltd.co.uk

Email:-Sales@amtechltd.co.uk

Address:- Samson Close, George Stephenson Ind Est

Killingworth, Newcastle upon tyne

NE12 6DX

Thanks for selecting Amtech stepper motor driver. We hope that the superior performance, outstanding quality, excellent cost performance of our product can help you accomplish your motion control project. The content in this manual has been carefully prepared and is believed to be accurate, but no responsibility is assumed for inaccuracies.

| V1.0 | R&D | R&D |
|------|-----|-----|

## **Contents**

| Contents  | 3 -  |
|---|------|
| 1. Overview   | 4 -  |
| 2. Features   | 5 -  |
| 3. Ports Introduction                                   | 6 -  |
| 3.1 Control Signal Input Ports                          | 6 -  |
| 3.2 Power Interface Ports                               |      |
| 4. Technological Index                                  | 8 -  |
| 5. Connections to Control Signal                        | 9 -  |
| 5.1 Connections to Common Anode                         | 9 -  |
| 5.2 Connections to 232 Serial Communication Interface   |      |
| 5.3 Sequence Chart of Control Signals                   | 10 - |
| 6. DIP Switch Setting                                   |      |
| 6.1 Introduction Of SW                                  | 11 - |
| 6.1.1 Current Setting                                   | 11 - |
| 6.1.2 Standstill current Setting                        | 12 - |
| 6.1.3 Micro steps Setting                               |      |
| 7. Faults alarm and LED flicker frequency               | 14 - |
| 8. Appearance and Installation Dimensions               |      |
| 9. Typical Connection                                   |      |
| 10. Parameter Setting                                   | 17 - |
| 11. Processing Methods to Common Problems and Faults    | 22 - |
| 11.1 Power on power light off                           |      |
| 11.2 Power on red alarm light on                        | 22 - |
| 11.3 After input pulse signal but the motor not running |      |

#### 1. Overview

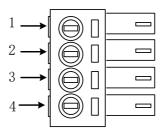
The 2DM415 is a two phase digital stepper driver based on ARM. Its Micro step resolutions and output current are programmable. And it has advanced control algorithm, which can brings a unique level of system smoothness, provides optimum torque and mid-range instability. The control algorithm of Multi-Stepping can make stepper motor has smooth performance. The control algorithm of torque compensation can improve the torque of motor in the high speed. The control algorithm of parameter auto-setup technology offers optimum responses with different motors and easy-to-use. The control algorithm of smoothness can enhance the acceleration and deceleration of motor. Its unique features make the 2DM415 to be an ideal solution for applications.

#### 2. Features

- Parameter auto-setup
- Multi-Stepping inside,Small noise, low heating, smooth movement
- ◆ Torque compensation in high speed
- ◆ Variable current control technology, High current efficiency
- ◆ Accelerate and decelerate control inside, Great improvement in smoothness of starting or stopping the motor
- ◆ Storage the position of motor
- Optically isolated input and compatible with 5V or 24V
- ◆ User-defined micro steps
- ◆ Micro-step resolutions and Output current programmable
- Over current and over voltage protection
- Automatic detection, flexible selection of pulse edge count mode:
- Green light means running while red light means protection or off line

## 3. Ports Introduction

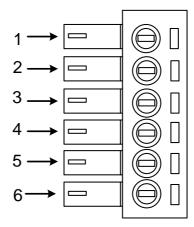
## **3.1 Control Signal Input Ports**



## 3.1.1 Common anode control signal connection

| Port | Symbol | Name              | Remark          |
|------|--------|-------------------|-----------------|
| 1    | ENA-   | Enable signal-    | Compatible with |
| 2    | OPT+   | Common+           | 5V or 24V       |
| 3    | DIR-   | Direction signal- | Compatible with |
| 4    | PLS-   | Pulse signal -    | 5V or 24V       |

## **3.2 Power Interface Ports**



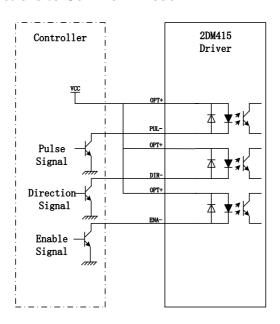
| 1 |                  | В-  | Phase B-      |               |
|---|------------------|-----|---------------|---------------|
| 2 | Motor Phase      | B+  | Phase B+      | Motor Phase A |
| 3 | Wire Input Ports | A-  | Phase A-      | Motor Phase B |
| 4 |                  | A+  | Phase A+      | Motor Phase B |
| 5 | Power Input      | VCC | Input Power + | DC24V-36V     |
| 6 | Ports            | GND | Input Power-  | DC24V-30V     |

## 4. Technological Index

| Input Voltage  |             | DC24V-36V                               |
|----------------|-------------|---|
| Pulse Frequ    | iency max   | 200K                                    |
| Communic       | cation rate | 57.6Kbps                                |
| Over volt      | age value   | 50V                                     |
| Overall Dimen  | sions (mm)  | 118×75.5×34                             |
| Wei            | ght         | Approximate 160g                        |
|                | Environment | Avoid dust, oil fog and corrosive gases |
|                | Operating   | +70°C Max                               |
| Environment    | Temperature | +70 C Iviax                             |
|                | Storage     | -20°C~+80°C                             |
| Specifications | Temperature | -20 C~+80 C                             |
|                | Humidity    | 40~90% RH                               |
|                | Cooling     | Natural appling or forced air cooling   |
|                | method      | Natural cooling or forced air cooling   |

## **5. Connections to Control Signal**

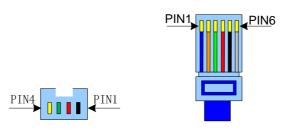
#### **5.1 Connections to Common Anode**



#### Remark:

VCC is compatible with 5V or 24V;

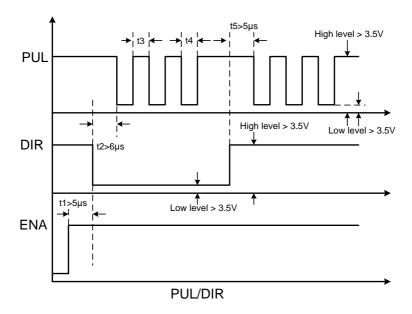
#### 5.2 Connections to 232 Serial Communication Interface



| Crystal Head | Definition | Remark               |
|--------------|------------|----------------------|
| foot         |            |                      |
| 1            | TXD        | Transmit Data        |
| 2            | RXD        | Receive Data         |
| 4            | +5V        | Power Supply to HISU |
| 6            | GND        | Power Ground         |

### **5.3 Sequence Chart of Control Signals**

In order to avoid some fault operations and deviations, PUL, DIR and ENA should abide by some rules, shown as following diagram:



#### Remark:

- a. t1: ENA must be ahead of DIR by at least 5  $\mu$  s. Usually, ENA+ and ENA- are NC (not connected).
- b. t2: DIR must be ahead of PUL active edge by 6  $\mu$  s to ensure correct direction;
- c. t3: Pulse width not less than  $2.5 \mu s$ ;
- d. t4: Low level width not less than 2.5  $\upmu$  s.

## 6. DIP Switch Setting

#### 6.1 Introduction Of SW

## **6.1.1 Current Setting**

The SW-2 current setting is in the following table.

|             |        | <u> </u> |     |     |
|-------------|--------|----------|-----|-----|
| Dial switch |        | SW1      | SW2 | SW3 |
| Peak        | RMS    |          |     |     |
| 2.2A        | 1.57A  | 1        | 1   | 1   |
| 0.21        | 0. 15A | 0        | 1   | 1   |
| 0. 42A      | 0.3A   | 1        | 0   | 1   |
| 0.63A       | 0. 45A | 0        | 0   | 1   |
| 0.84A       | 0.6A   | 1        | 1   | 0   |
| 1.05A       | 0.75A  | 0        | 1   | 0   |
| 1.26A       | 0.9A   | 1        | 0   | 0   |
| 1.50A       | 1.09A  | 0        | 0   | 0   |

#### **6.1.2 Standstill current Setting**

SW4 is used for setting the standstill current, "off" means the standstill current is set to be half of the selected dynamic current or other current, which can be set by the HISU, the details can be seen in the tenth sections. While "on" means the standstill current is set to be the same as the selected dynamic current.

#### **6.1.3 Micro steps Setting**

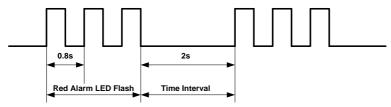
The micro steps setting is in the following table. And the micro steps can be also setting through the HISU. The details can be seen in the tenth

sections.

## SW micro steps setting is in the following table

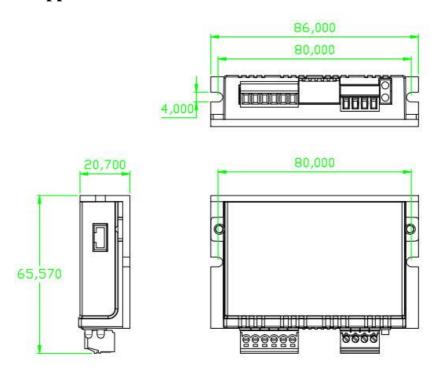
| Dial switch | SW4 | SW5 | SW6 |
|-------------|-----|-----|-----|
| Micro steps |     |     |     |
| 200         | 1   | 1   | 1   |
| 400         | 0   | 1   | 1   |
| 800         | 1   | 0   | 1   |
| 1600        | 0   | 0   | 1   |
| 3200        | 1   | 1   | 0   |
| 6400        | 0   | 1   | 0   |
| 12800       | 1   | 0   | 0   |
| 25600       | 0   | 0   | 0   |

## 7. Faults alarm and LED flicker frequency



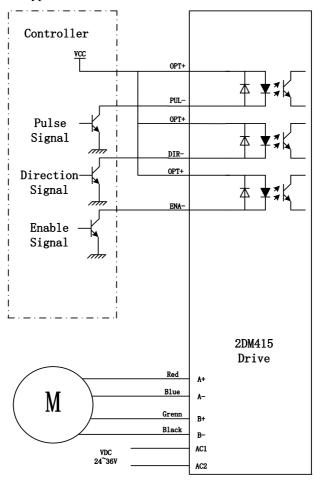
| Flicker   | Description to the Faults                        |
|-----------|--|
| Frequency |  |
| 1         | Error occurs when the motor coil current exceeds |
|           | the drive's current limit.                       |
| 2         | Voltage reference error in the drive             |
| 3         | Parameters upload error in the drive             |
| 4         | Error occurs when the input voltage exceeds the  |
|           | drive's voltage limit.                           |

## **8. Appearance and Installation Dimensions**



## 9. Typical Connection

Here is the typical connection of 2DM415.



## 10. Parameter Setting

The parameter setting method of 2DM415 drive is to use a HISU adjuster through the 232 serial communication ports, only in this way we can set the parameters we want. There are a set of best default parameters to the corresponding motor which are carefully adjusted by our engineers, users only need refer to the following table, specific condition and set the correct parameters.

Actual value = Set value  $\times$  the corresponding dimension

| Mode      | Definition          | Range  | Dime- | Drive   | Default |
|-----------|---------------------|--------|-------|---------|---------|
|           |                     | ð      | nsion | Restart | Value   |
| P1        | Current loop Kp     | 0-4000 | 1     | Y       | 1000    |
| P2        | Current loop Ki     | 0—1000 | 1     | Y       | 100     |
| P3        | Damping coefficient | 0—500  | 1     | N       | 100     |
| P4        | Amplitude of first  | 0—100  | 1     | N       | 0       |
|           | resonance point     |        |       |         |         |
| P5        | Phase of first      | 0—100  | 1     | N       | 0       |
|           | resonance point     |        |       |         |         |
| P6        | Amplitude of        | 0—100  | 1     | N       | 0       |
|           | second resonance    |        |       |         |         |
|           | point               |        |       |         |         |
| <b>P7</b> | Phase of second     | 0—100  | 1     | N       | 0       |
|           | resonance point     |        |       |         |         |
| P8        | Anti-resonance      | 0—500  | 1     | N       | 120     |
|           | coefficient         |        |       |         |         |
| P9        | Anti-resonance      | 0—500  | 1     | N       | 160     |
|           | coefficient         |        |       |         |         |

| P10 | Enable signal level        | 0—1    | 1      | N | 0    |
|-----|----------------------------|--------|--------|---|------|
| P11 | Initial direction          | 0—1    | 1      | N | 1    |
|     | selection                  |        |        |   |      |
| P12 | Reserved                   |        |        |   |      |
| P13 | Reserved                   |        |        |   |      |
| P14 | User-defined micro         | 4—1000 | 50     | Y | 0    |
| 545 | steps                      | 0 4000 |        |   | 4000 |
| P15 | Time of standstill current | 0—4000 | 1ms    | N | 1000 |
| P16 | Percentage of              | 0—100  | 1      | Y | 50   |
|     | standstill current         |        |        |   |      |
| P17 | Speed smoothness           | 0—10   | 1      | Y | 0    |
| P18 | Enable of position         | 0—1    | 1      | Y | 0    |
|     | memory                     |        |        |   |      |
| P19 | User-defined               | 0—100  | mh     | Y | 0    |
|     | resistance of motor        |        |        |   |      |
| P20 | User-defined               | 0—100  | 0.10hm | Y | 0    |
|     | inductance of motor        |        |        |   |      |
| P21 | Result of position         | 0—128  | 1      |   | 0    |
|     | memory                     |        |        |   |      |
| P22 | Reserved                   |        |        |   |      |
| P23 | Reserved                   |        |        |   |      |
| P24 | Current                    | 0—130  | 1      | Y | 100  |
|     | self-regulation            |        |        |   |      |

There are total 24 parameter configurations, use the HISU to download the configured parameters to the drive, the detail descriptions to every parameter configuration are as follows:

| Item                                      | Description   |
|---|---|
| Current loop Kp (P1) Current loop Ki (P2) | The P1 and P2 is used to set Kp and Ki of Current loop at the moment of power-on. When the motor is turning, the Kp and Ki is got by the Self-tuning algorithm.       |
| Damping<br>coefficient<br>(P3)            | This parameter is used to change the damping coefficient in case of the desired operating state is under resonance frequency. This parameter is useful in high speed. |
| Amp 1—2                                   | 2DM415 Driver provides robust anti-resonance control to stop the vibrations and maintain equilibrium.   |
| Phase 1—2<br>(P4,P5,P6,P7)                | Amp1 and Phase1 is Phase adjustment for 1st and Amplitude adjustment for 1st resonance area respectively. Usually between 0.6rps and 1.2rps.                          |
|   | Amp2 and Phase2 is Phase adjustment for 2nd and Amplitude adjustment for 2nd resonance area respectively. Usually between 1.2rps and 2.4rps.                          |

| Enable signal      | This parameter is set to control the Enable Input   |
|--------------------|---|
| level              | signal level. 0 means high, while 1 means low.  |
| (P10)              |   |
| Initial direction  | For the initial direction selection, 1 indicates that the   |
| selection          | initial direction is the counter clockwise, and the 0   |
| (P11)              | indicates the initial direction is clockwise.   |
|                    | This parameter is set of user-defined micro steps.  |
| User-defined       | The actual micro steps = the set value $\times$ 50. For   |
| micro steps        | example, if the parameter is 4, the micro steps is 4  |
| ((P14)             | $\times$ 50 =800. But If this parameter is 0, which means   |
|                    | micro steps is set by the outer DIP switches.   |
| Time of            | This parameter is set the time when the standstill  |
| standstill current | current is set to be half of the selected dynamic   |
| (P15)              | current or other current.   |
| Percentage of      | This parameter is set the percentage of standstill  |
| standstill current | current.  |
| (P16)              |   |
| Speed              | This parameter is set to control the smoothness of  |
| smoothness         | the speed of the motor while acceleration or deceleration, the larger the value, the smoother the |
| (P17)              | speed in acceleration or deceleration.  |

|                           | 0 1 2 10   |
|---------------------------|--|
|                           | This parameter is set to enable the function of    |
| Enable of position memory | position memory. 0 means disable, while 1 means    |
|                           | enable. If set 1, the 2DM415 can remember the      |
| (P18)                     | position of motor in the next time of power on.    |
|                           |  |
| User-defined              | This parameter is set the inductance of motor. 0   |
| inductance of             | means 2DM415 gets the inductance by control        |
| motor                     | algorithm of Parameter auto-setup, while 1 means   |
| (P19)                     | 2DM415 gets the inductance through user sets.      |
| User-defined              | This parameter is set the resistance of motor. 0   |
| resistance of             | means 2DM415 gets the resistance by control        |
| motor                     | algorithm of Parameter auto-setup, while 1 means   |
| (P20)                     | 2DM415gets the resistance through user sets.       |
| Result of                 | This parameter is set to control the smoothness of |
| position memory           | Display the result of position memory              |
| (P21)                     |  |
| Current                   | This parameter is the function of self-regulation  |

| self-regulation | current; set the parameter value of Pa, while the DIP |
|-----------------|---|
| (P24)           | set current is I, the actual current value:           |
|                 | Iget = I * Pa / 100.                                  |

## 11. Processing Methods to Common Problems and

#### **Faults**

### 11.1 Power on power light off

No power input, please check the power supply circuit. The voltage is too low.

### 11.2 Power on red alarm light on

- Please check the motor is connected with the drive.
- The stepper digital drive is over voltage or under voltage. Please lower or increase the input voltage.

#### 11.3 After input pulse signal but the motor not running

- Please check the input pulse signal wires are connected in reliable way.
- Please make sure the input pulse mode is corresponding with the real input mode.
- The Driver is disabled.